ANNEXURE-II

YEAR WISE ACTIVITIES OF ŚANKARADEVA

- 1449 A.D.—Śańkaradeva was born at Bardowa in modern Nagaon district of Assam
- 1450 A.D.—Śańkaradeva's grandfather Suryabar died
- 1451 A.D.— Śańkaradeva's step brother Bangayā was born
- 1454 A.D.— Śańkaradeva was given *Uttarī*
- 1457 A.D.—Kusumbar Bhuyan died
- 1461 A.D.— Śańkaradeva's education started under Mahendra Kandali
- 1466 A.D.— Śańkaradeva completed education
- 1468 A.D.—(i) Śańkaradeva established first Kīrtan Ghar at Bardowa (ii) Cihna Yātrā was enacted
- 1470 A.D.— Śańkaradeva married Suryavati
- 1472 A.D.—Birth of Suryavati's daughter Manu
- 1473 A.D.—Death of Suryavati
- 1480 A.D.—Manu married to Hari Bhuyan
- 1481 A.D.— (i)Śankaradeva started first pilgrimage (ii) Composition of 1st *Bargīta 'Rāma meri hṛdaya pankaje raise...'*
- 1489 A.D.—(i) Arrived at Badarikashram (ii) Composition of 2nd Bargīta 'Mana meri rāma caraṇahi lāgu' (iii) Birth of Mādhavadeva
- 1493 A.D.— Śańkaradeva returned from pilgrimage
- 1503 A.D.— Śańkaradeva married Kālindī
- 1509 A.D.— Śańkaradeva established Bardowa *Thān*
- 1516 A.D.— Śankaradeva left Bardowa and arrived at Rowta
- 1517 A.D.— Śańkaradeva arrived at Gangmou
- 1522 A.D.—(i) Śańkaradeva arrived at Komorakata (ii) Arrival at Maluwalarati
 - (iii) Birth of Rāmānanda (iv) Arrival at Dhuwahata (v) Initiation of Mādhavadeva
- 1524 A.D.—Birth of second son Kamalalocana
- 1526 A.D.—Birth of third son Haricarana
- 1528 A.D.—Birth of daughter Rukminī
- 1536 A.D.—Allegation by Brahmin priests and trial by king Chuhungmung
- 1539 A.D.—Allegation by Brahmin priests to king Chuklenmung
- 1540 A.D.—(i) elephant safari of king Chuklenmung (ii) Arrest of Mādhavadeva (iii) Execution of Hari (iv) Release of Mādhavadeva (v) Departure from Dhuwahata (vi) Arrival at Kapalabari
- 1541 A.D.—(i) Śańkaradeva arrived at Cunporā (ii) Initiation of Nārāyana Dās Ṭhākura (Bhavānanda) (iii) Śańkaradeva arrived at Kumārkuchi (iv) Death of Rukminī

- 1542 A.D.—(i) Śaṅkaradeva arrived at Patbausi (ii) Arrival of King Naranārāyaṇa at Barnagar (iii) Initiation of Kachari king of Heramdoi (near Palashbari)
- 1543 A.D.—Śankaradeva met Naranārāyana at Barnagar
- 1545 A.D.—Capital of Koch Kingdom shifted to Dinganagar
- 1546 A.D.—(i) Cilārāi attacked Āhom Kingdom (ii) Dāmodardeva migrated to Koch Kingdom
- 1547 A.D.—Cilārāi became acting king
- 1548 A.D.—(i) Cilārāi became disciple of Śaṅkaradeva (ii) Dāmodardeva met Śaṅkaradeva
- 1550 A.D.—(i) Dāmodardeva became disciple of Śańkaradeva (ii) Set for second pilgrimage
- 1551 A.D.— Śańkaradeva returned from pilgrimage
- 1552 A.D.—(i) Allegation by Brahmin priests to Naranārāyaṇa (ii) Arrest of Nārāyana Dās Ṭhākura and Gakula Cānda (iii) Arrival of Śaṅkaradeva in Cilārāi's house (iv) Arrival of Śaṅkaradeva in the court of Naranārāyaṇa (v) Visit of Mādhavadeva in Banduka (vi) Cāndsāi became disciple (vii) Composition of *Guṇamālā*
- 1554 A.D.—Making of Vṛndāvanī-Vastra
- 1555 A.D.— Vṛndāvanī-Vastra given to Naranārāyaṇa
- 1568 A.D.—(i) Naranārāyaṇa wanted to be a disciple (ii) Composition and enactment of the last play *Śrī Rāma Bijaya* (iii) Passing away of Śaṅkaradeva

Source:

Borkakoti, S. K. (1995). Sri Sri Sankaradeva. Guwahati: Bani Mandir.

Borkakoti, S.K. (2007). *Place of Srimanta Sankaradeva in All-India Perspective*. Jorhat: Mahāpuruṣa Śaṅkaradeva Kalā-Kṛṣti Gaveṣaṇā Kendra.

Borkakoti, S. K. (2015). *Srimanta Sankaradeva: a Multi-faceted Genius*. Guwahati: Purbanchal Prakash.